

PUBLIC LEDGER

SIXPENCE SUNDAY, JULY FOURTH, THANKSGIVING AND CHRISTMAS.

Thomas A. Day

OFFICE—Public Ledger Building, No. 10 East Third Street, Maysville, Ky.

SUBSCRIPTIONS IN ADVANCE	
One Year	\$6.00
Six Months	3.00
Three Months	1.50
DELIVERED BY CARRIER	75 CENTS
Per Month	1.25
Payable to Collector at end of Month.	

The Goebel Law is the most fitting monument that GOEBEL could have.

THE Y. M. C. A. Athletic Club of Cincinnati will probably camp this summer at Koche-to-ton-ton Isle, fourteen miles from Mackinac. If they take much Cincinnati beer along they'd best remain indoors. Once away from that isle, and loaded with Morelein's, they'd never be able to tell a "cop" where they belonged.

The Democratic party is determined to make both the head and the tail of its ticket out of military material, would not Colonel BRYAN and General AGUINALDO make a good combination? The former is a talker, and the latter is a runner, and the mixture would be more popular in Boston than a Manhattan cocktail at Kansas City next Fourth of July.

THE Manila correspondent of a Paris paper, Le Temps, wrote that if the Filipinos "did not expect help from the Democrats the killing of American citizens and expense of the war would end at once." Every human being who wishes to see our soldiers defeated is opposed to McKinley. It is singular indeed what sympathy the Democratic party inspires among the enemies of our country.

THE conspirators to "hang TAYLOR and damn the Republican party" have come to grief some more.

It will be recalled that, in the early days of the conspiracy, TOM CAMPBELL the bloviorist proclaimed that the murderer of GOEBEL was known, and that "he would be arrested just as soon as they could get 3,000 armed men to go to the mountains and get him."

CAMPBELL's bombastic declaration was aimed at JIM HOWARD; and now comes this dispatch from a mountain stronghold—

"LONDON, KY., May 9.—JIM HOWARD, accused of firing the shot that killed Senator GOEBEL, came in this morning to Frankfort, where he stayed and took the 10 a. m. train at this place for Frankfort, where he goes to surrender himself to the authorities. Jim says he will have no trouble in proving his innocence."

NOW THAT HENRY YOUTSEY, the man who fired the shot from a Martini rifle that killed GOEBEL; and that "Tallow" DICK COMBS, the man who fired the steel bullet from a Krag-Jorgensen rifle that killed GOEBEL; and that CALER POWERS, who fired any old kind of a bullet from a Gatling gun that killed GOEBEL; and that Policeman JIM DAVIS, the officer who "killed GOEBEL by the 'discharge of his duty';" and that HARLAND WHITAKER, the man who fired the one fatal shot from five revolvers that killed GOEBEL; and that feudist JIM HOWARD, the man who is positively known to have fired the fatal shot that killed GOEBEL—now that all these "murderers" of GOEBEL are in jail, it is in order for DEE ARMSTRONG and TOM CROMWELL CAMPBELL and TOM CAMPBELL CROMWELL to tell the Courier-Journal that the man who fired the fatal shot that killed GOEBEL is known and will soon be arrested.

PORTO RICANS are not going to endure such very great hardships after all. There is a big free list upon which they can draw for food, including flour, bacon, codfish, fresh beef, pork, mutton and rice. Not a cent of duty will they pay upon any of these products imported from the United States. Then there is no duty to check their agricultural progress, because sugar making and refining machinery, plows, hoes, hatchets, machetes, cooper's ware for casks and barrels are admitted there free even of the 6% duty. Rough lumber, school furniture, trees, plants, crude petroleum, mineral, carbonated and seltzer waters, root beer, ginger ale, copper, cotton, libraries, drugs, seeds, spices, tea, tapioca, turpentine, wax and a host of other articles are also admitted without the payment of a cent's worth of duty. Some of these were free under the terms of the Dingell Tariff, others under special orders issued by the Secretary of War, and they are all free under the new act.

See Murphy's low prices on Diamonds and Watches.

The Dover Council has ordered the sinking of more wells for public use.

Mrs. E. F. Clay, daughter of the late Judge J. Q. Ward, died Wednesday near Paris, aged 25.

Rev. W. E. Mitchell, formerly of Carlisle, but now Pastor of the Baptist Church at Owenton, and Miss Mae Fitchett, who married at Owenton Tuesday, June 5th.

Fires are not only most painful, but also very dangerous, as the inflamed nodules are very apt to make a malignant infection. They should be cured. Taber's Ointment. One ounce price 25 cents. Postage 10 cents. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tub, 75 cents. J. Jas. Wood & Son.

If you know any kind kindly tell us about it. Every day we tell you what we know. Every day we know that you know things that we don't know. And every day we know that you know things that we don't know. Now, if you tell us what you know and what we know, and then our readers will know what they know and what we know and also what you know, and what we know that you know we know.

The Most Stubborn Coughs

Resulting from an attack of laryngeal or bronchial inflammation, the wonderful healing properties of Foley's Honey and Tonic should be used.

They should be cured. Taber's Ointment. One ounce price 25 cents. Postage 10 cents. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tub, 75 cents. J. Jas. Wood & Son.

PELVIN OF IT.

Lots More Proof Like This, and It Is All From Maysville People.

"The proof of the pudding is in the eating of it." If any city or town in the Union has sufficient proof on the following subject it is Maysville. Genuine merit is finding its reward in the hearty endorsement of local citizens. When people right here at home, friends and neighbors of our readers, give a statement like the following for publication it is proof convincing for the most skeptical.

Read this testimony:

Mrs. O. Crosby of 436 East Second street says:

"I value Doan's Kidney Pills exceedingly. Their wonderful healing and curative powers were very quickly manifested. I advise others suffering from their back or kidneys to go to J. Jas. Wood & Son's Drugstore, corner of West Second and Market streets, procure Doan's Kidney Pills and give them a fair trial."

For sale by all dealers: Price 50 cents a box.

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Soles Agents for the United States.

Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no substitute.

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ON TO PRETORIA.

Lord Roberts is Expected to Reach the Transvaal Capital Within Two Months.

ANOTHER ADVANCE MOVEMENT MADE.

He is Now Reconnoitering in the Vicinity of Venter's Where the Hilly Country Begins Again.

The Advance of Gen. Rundle and Gen. Brahan Is Being Fired On—A Battle Is Imminent East of Thaba N'Chu.

London, May 11.—Members of the house of commons were freely betting in the lobbies last evening that Lord Roberts would reach the Transvaal in two months. The minor aristocrats are holding confident hopes upon the comprehensive plans he had communicated to the war office. Predictions are definitely made that he will be in Kroonstad next Monday, and it is believed that his advance is already reconnoitering the vicinity of Venter's where the hilly country begins again.

Beyond Kroonstad is an intricate and difficult country, and if the Boers should elect to fight, it is possible they would be in a position to hold up the British and Lord Roberts' numerous cavalry had had time to ride around their flank and threaten their rear.

From 15,000 to 20,000 is the highest estimate of the Boers under the post command of Gen. Botha, who is said to have 10,000 men, and Boers and Dewar are reported to have 15,000. Lord Roberts is pressing hard after this force with 35,000 men and 140 guns, and 20,000 more men are easily available.

Lord Roberts' concise summaries of recent events are to be found in his up-to-date press telegrams. The correspondents are confined in their narratives to events two or three days old, so far as Lord Roberts is concerned.

President Steyn, with 10,000 men, is reported to have been east of Thaba N'Chu Thursday noon, and a battle was then imminent. The advance troops of Gen. Rundle and Gen. Brahan were being fired on.

According to a despatch from Durban dated yesterday, Major Barker's army is "showing activity" but a complete news embargo is imposed upon the correspondents with him.

Parties of Boers are still holding the mountains adjacent to Springfield. Zeeland scouts burned the home-stead of a farmer named Greyling, in whose house arms were found at Dering.

During a concert for the relief of the sufferers from the Begbie works explosion, given Saturday evening at Pretoria last, the hall was entirely closed and every man in the audience was commanded. All the horses were taken from the conveyances outside.

President Kruger has released the Daily Mail correspondents, Messrs. Hallwell and Hofmeyer.

NO SERIOUS RIOTING.

The Street Car Strike in St. Louis Is as Far From a Settlement as Ever.

St. Louis, May 11.—The feature of the day in the street railway strike was the conference between Gov. Stephens and the members of the convention committee of the local street railway employees' association and the officers and attorneys of the transit company, for the purpose of ascertaining if some sort of an amicable understanding could not be arrived at. The conference was adjourned until 1 P.M., and at its conclusion Gov. Stephens said that nothing had been accomplished. The strikers' officials were willing to arbitrate, provided the proposition to do so came from the railway company. They were asked to state what they might accept, starting that they had nothing to arbitrate.

There were no riotous demonstrations. The Suburban Co. operated its system under police protection without interference, and was patronized liberally by the public. The transit company, with two cars over one branch of its system, but attempted to carry no passengers. The cars were guarded by police and, in the case of the cars on the Suburban system, were not molested.

Another death resulted from the strike occurred last night. As Flora Siegfried, a young woman, was crossing Wash street, carrying an infant in her arms, she was hit on the head with a brick that had been hurled at a passing car on the Suburban system. Her skull was fractured and she died shortly after being carried to the city hospital.

FIVE LOSSES LAST YEAR.

New York, May 11.—The 34th annual meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters is in session here. In his address President H. S. Irvine, of Philadelphia, reviewed the events of the year and said that the fire loss of the country in 1899 amounted to \$153,597,830.

TERRITORIAL CONVENTION.

End, O. T., May 11.—The republican territorial convention to select delegates to the national convention met in this city. Resolutions endorsing the national administration were adopted and not amended.

KUMASI IS STILL HOLDING OUT.

London, May 11.—A despatch to the Daily Express from Accra says that Kumasi is still holding out.

MORE BOLOS DEAD

The Philippine Insurgents Have Suffered a Very Heavy Loss at Tabako City.

BOLOMEN ATTACKED THAT PLACE

A Force of 500 Insurgents Attacked Twenty-Five American Scouts But Were Routinely.

Americans Lost Two Killed, and in Another Engagement Two More Were Killed and Eleven Were Wounded—A Town Sacked.

Manila, May 11.—The insurgents have suffered a heavy loss at Tabako, near Bagacay, last evening. Two hundred rebels and 300 bolomen were preparing to attack the town, and Capt. Lester H. Simons, with a company of the 47th volunteer regiment, advanced to meet them, and killed many.

The regiment leader, a native, was wounded and captured after his horse had been shot under him.

A force of 500 insurgents attacked 25 scouts of the 4th regiment near San Jacinto, province of Pampanga, on Monday, and were repelled by 200 men, ten of whom were killed.

On April 26 the rebels burned and sacked the town of Trocán, near Bulacan, murdering natives who were friendly to the Americans and two Spanish priests. They also killed 37 of the insurgents.

On the same date Maj. Andrews, with two companies of troops, attacked Gen. Mojico's stronghold near Ormoc, Leyte island. Mojico's forces have been unable to hold the fort since the Americans took it.

The high averages of condition reported last month for Kansas, Missouri, Texas and other more or less important wheat-producing states were due to the fact that the wheat in those states had been fully maintained, and May 1 nearly one-half of the entire winter wheat acreage remaining under cultivation reported a full normal or still higher condition.

The average condition of winter rye on May 1 was 5.2, as compared with 5.2 on May 1, 1899, 5.0 on May 1, 1898, and 5.1, the mean of the May averages for the last ten years. Pennsylvania and New York, with 4.2 per cent. of the total winter rye acreage reported as good, were the only states which had not been fully maintained, and the mean of the May averages for the last ten years.

The average condition of meadow moving hands on May 1 was 90.8 against 84.9 on May 1, 1899, 92.9 on May 1, 1898, and 91.3, the mean of the May averages of the last ten years.

The average condition of spring wheat was 5.5, as compared with 5.3 on May 1, 1899, 5.2 on May 1, 1898, and 5.0, the mean of the May averages of the last ten years.

Spring growing is more or less late in most cases, but in some it is earlier than usual, and in others it is later than usual.

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